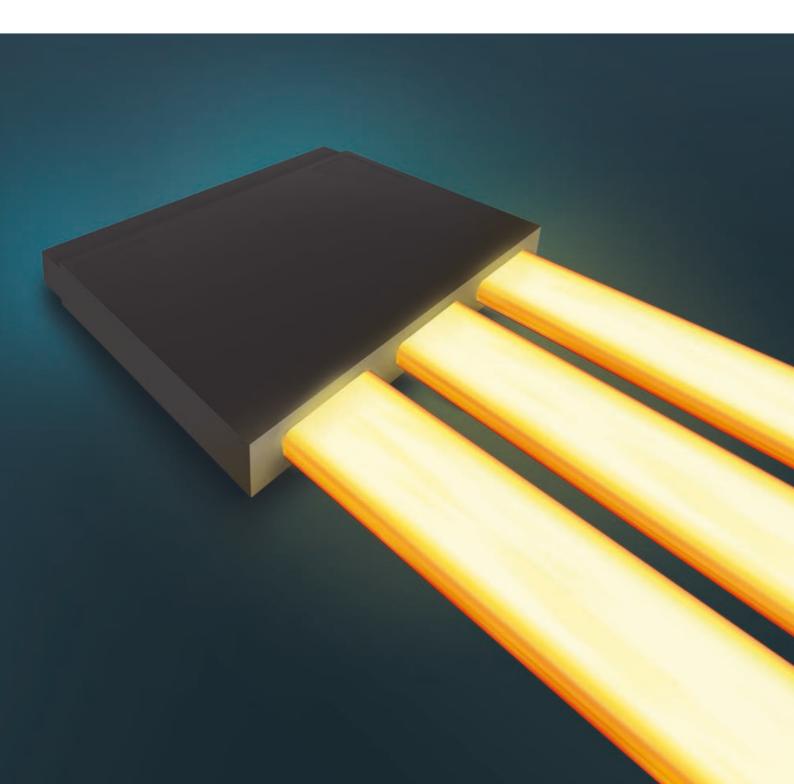


#### METALLURGY

GRAPHITE SPECIALTIES SOLUTIONS FOR METALLURGY



### FROM GRAPHITE MANUFACTURING TO FINISHED PRODUCTS





## + CONTINUOUS CASTING



## Did you know ?

Unlike most materials, the tensile, compressive and flexural strengths of graphite increase as temperature rises up to 2400 °C

The thermal conductivity of graphite is higher than that of many metals

The Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE) is only about one quarter that of iron.

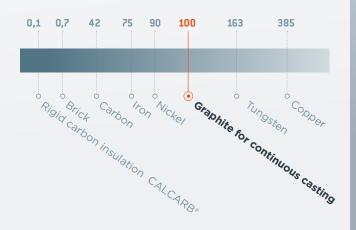
# Why is the graphite mold the most critical component ?

Continuous casting can be considered as a heat extraction process. The conversion of molten metal into a solid metal shape involves removal of superheat and latent heat of solidification. The liquid metal is solidified in a mold, which is the most critical and essential component of the continuous casting equipment. Heat transfer in the mold is one of the main factors limiting the maximum productivity. With higher casting speeds, more heat is transported into the mold and thus the heat transfer from the shape to the mold has to increase in order to solidify the shape in the mold.

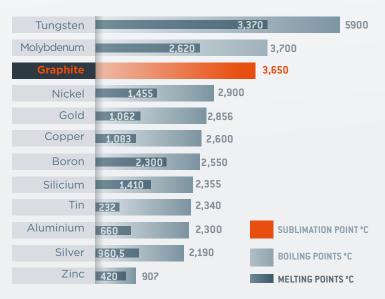
> UNIQUE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF GRAPHITE FOR CONTINUOUS CASTING

- withstand molten metal temperatures
- high thermal conductivity
- self-lubrication properties
- exceptional resistance to wear
- excellent mechanical strength
- low Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE)

#### Typical value of thermal conductivity Material W/m.°K



#### Melting & boiling points





#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

ZINC VAPORIZATION IN THE DIE

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

- High porosity needed , >12%
- Focus on high thermal conductivity grades (140 W/m°C) to increase the speed of casting and productivity

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

- High porosity grades 1940 (12%) or 2236 (15%)
- High thermal conductivity grades 2236 or 2554 with 140 W/m°C
- 2236 being the grade having the ideal combined properties for brass casting

# Copper casting challenges & Mersen solutions

## BRONZE (Cu Sn)

#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

TIN EVAPORATION IN THE DIE

FAST COOLING NEEDED FOR A GOOD HOMOGENEITY

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

- High thermal energy removal needed
- High porosity needed

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

- High porosity grade, 12% with 1940 and 15% with 2236
- High thermal conductivity grade 2236 and 2554 (140 W/m°C) to increase the speed of casting and get a high productivity and low production cost

### NICKEL ALLOYS

#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

ALLOYS ELEMENTS LIKE NICKEL ATTACK THE GRAPHITE MOLD

RISK OF SCRATCHES ON THE MOLD THROUGH FAST COOLING

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

- Impregnated graphite solutions for an extended service life
- High density and high hardness grades for long life time

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

- High mechanical properties of 2230 graphite grade
- High thermal conductivity for higher speed of casting with 2554 graphite grade

## COPPER (Cu+ETP-OF-OFC)

#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

WEAR RESISTANCE MOLDS MATERIAL FOR EXTENDED LIFE

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

• Medium conductivity and good hardness for high performances

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

- Mersen graphite grades 1940 and 2020 are the references on the market for copper wire
- Mersen graphite grade 2230 is the must for the market of copper strips

### ALUMINIUM (Al)

#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

ROTOR SHAFTS : OXIDATION PHENOMENA AT THE SURFACE OF THE MELT

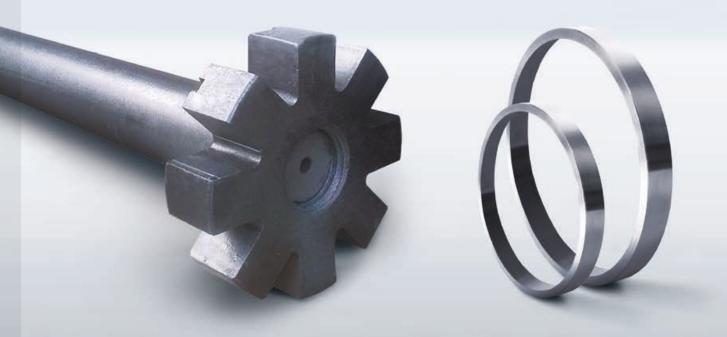
**CASTING RINGS :** MATERIAL TO SUPPORT AIR FLOW THROUGH THE PROCESS FOR BETTER PRODUCTIVITY

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

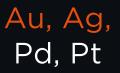
- Rotor shafts : anti oxidation material requested
- **Casting rings :** high porosity needed to allow charged air with oil to lubricate the rings

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

- **Rotor shafts** : all designs machined on request for optimized gas bubble diffusion and low gas consumption. 6501 or 6172 anti oxidation graphite grade for extended life.
- **Casting rings** : select graphite grades having the right balance between porosity and permeability : 6507 1940 2236.



## Aluminium process challenges & Mersen solutions



#### PROCESS CHALLENGES

**DIES :** SHORT RUNS WITH MANY STARTS

**CRUCIBLES :** HIGH OXIDATION PHENOMENA; HIGH POWER CONSUMPTION THROUGH HEAT RAMP UP

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

#### **Dies :**

- High thermal conductivity needed to allow the heat extraction and a high speed of casting
- High density needed and high strength graphite grade to succeed many starts of short runs

#### **Crucibles :**

• Material to be selected with an improved electrical resistivity for energy consumption reduction

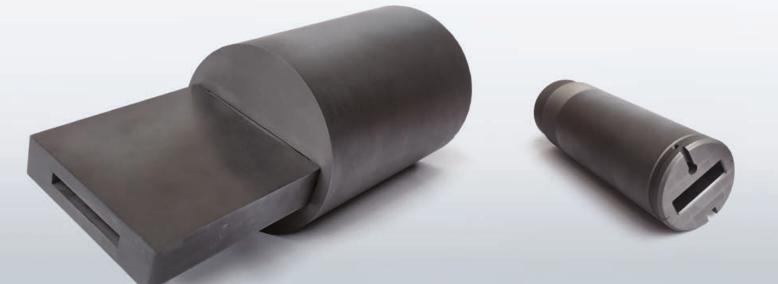
#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

#### Dies :

- 2230 for improved mechanical resistance with its high density.
- 2554 for higher productivity with its super high thermal conductivity.

#### **Crucibles :**

- 6507 for a cost effective solution
- 1940 isostatic graphite for its high electrical resistivity



## Precious metal process challenges

& Mersen solutions

# CAST, GREY & DUCTILE IRON

#### **PROCESS CHALLENGES**

IRON HAS A TENDENCY TO HAVE AN AFFINITY TO CARBON

#### OUR RECOMMANDATIONS

• Optimized graphite grades specifications of thermal conductivity and porosity for good performance

#### YOUR SOLUTIONS

• 1940 graphite grades is the preferred solution being used in the casting of iron

## Cast iron challenges & Mersen solutions

# RECOMMENDED GRAPHITE GRADES

	WIRE CASTING	BILLET CASTING	STRIP CASTING	TUBE CASTING		
Grey and ductile iron		1940	1940	1940		
Brass (Cu-Zn)	2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554	1940		
Bronze	2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554		
Phosphorus bronze	2220 - 2236	2220 - 2236	2220 - 2236	2236 - 2220 (Core)		
Maillechort (Cu-Zn-Ni)_nickel-silver	2230 - 2554	2230 - 2554	2554	2220 - 2236		
Nickel-copper	2230 - 2554	2230 - 2554	2230 - 2554	2554		
Red & Phosphorus, deoxidized copper	1940	1940 - 2220	2230	-		
Aluminium	1940	1940 - 2220	2230	-		
Silver, Gold	2236 - 2554		2230 - 2554	-		
Precious metal alloys	2236 - 2554		2236 - 2554	2236 - 2554		

#### + RECOMMENDED GRAPHITE GRADES FOR ROTORS AND SHAFTS

	ROTOR	SHAFT		
Aluminium	6507 – 6172 (anti oxidation treatment)	6507 – 6172 (anti oxidation treatment)		

#### + RECOMMENDED GRAPHITE GRADES FOR CRUCIBLES

	CRUCIBLES
Precious metals	1940 - 6507
Copper Alloys	6507

### CONTINUOUS CASTING GRAPHITE SOLUTIONS

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

		ISOSTATIC GRAPHITE					EXTRUDED GRAPHITE		
Property	Unit	2020	1940	2220	2230	2236	2554	6507	6172
Thermal conductivity	W∕m⁰C	85	95	112	112	140	140	Wg 150 Ag 130	200
	Btu-Ft/Ft²HrºF	49	55	65	65	81	81	Wg 86 Ag 75	116
Donoitu	g/cm³	1,77	1,79	1,84	1,9	1,78	1,88	1,7	1,86
Density	lbs/ft <sup>3</sup>	110.5	112	114	118	11	117	107	114
Porosity	%	9	12	8	4	15	9	16	7
	Shore	52	63	65	76	55	64	34	34
Hardness	Rockwell	95L	98L	80H	85H	80L	90H	25L	25L
Flexural strength	MPa	45	43	58	59	52	52	Wg 21 Ag 16	23
	psi	6,500	6,300	8,400	8,500	7,500	7,500	Wg 3,050 Ag 2,320	3,300
Compressive strength	MPa	98	89	124	129	105	120	Wg 38 Ag 38	47
	psi	1,400	13,000	18,000	18,750	15,200	17,400	Wg 5,510 Ag 5,510	6,700
CTE	x10 <sup>-6</sup> /C°	4,3	5,2	5,5	5,4	4,0	4,3	Wg 4,5 Ag 5,1	3,3
	x10 <sup>-6</sup> / F°	2.4	2.9	3.1	3.0	2.1	2.3	Wg 2.5 Ag 2.83	1.8
Electrical	µohm.cm	1550	1320	1140	1140	965	965	Wg 800 Ag 900	800
resistivity	ohm-in	0,00061	0,00052	0,00045	0,0005	0,00038	0,00038	Wg 0.00031 Ag 0.00035	0,00031
Average	μm	15	13	13	13	10	10	0,3	0,8
grain size	inch	0,0006	0,0005	0,0005	0,0005	0,0004	0,0004	0,011	0,030
Max Standard	mm	1524x1524 x305	508x610 x1829	308x620 x2030	152x620 x915	308x620 x915	305x610 x915	500x500 x1830	0 75 to 200 mm *
block size	inch	60x60x12	20x24x72	12x24x80	6x24x36	12x24x36	12x24x36	20x20x72	0 3" x 8" *
	ppm	750	300	300	1000	300	1000	650	3000
Ash	%	0,75	0,3	0,3	1	0,3	1	0,65	3

Wg => With the grain direction Ag => Against the grain direction

\*Length on request

# + MACHINING RECOMMENDATION

MACHII	NING	SPEED m/min	ADVANCE mm per revolution	DEPTH OF CUTTING in mm
MILLING	ROUGHING	800-1000	0,1-0,8	
MILLING	FINISH	1000	<0,09	
TURNING	ROUGHING	100-250	0,3-0,45	5-19
	FINISH	250-450	0,06-0,15	0,1-0,5
GRINDING		100-2300	150-800	<3
SAWING		300-500	300-400	

# A local network to serve you

In addition to the graphite grade chosen, the casting results are also a function of die design, quality of machining, and the specific characteristics of the casting installation.

Our grades have been developed in conjunction with foundrymen to obtain the proper blend of physical characteristics for continuous casting. However, in most of the cases, optimal grade can only be selected through in-situ trials

Our local experts will assist you in finding the right graphite grade for your application.





## GLOBAL EXPERT IN ELECTRICAL POWER AND ADVANCED MATERIALS

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